

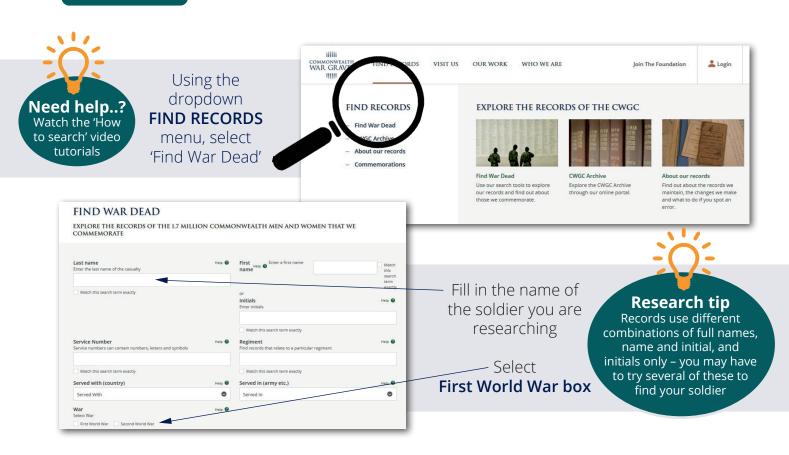
RESEARCHING A SOLDIER WHO DIED IN THE FIRST WORLD WAR - GUIDANCE SHEET



This bitesize guide is designed to help you research a soldier who died in the First World War. Firstly, you will need to decide who you will research... this might be a relative, or you could choose a name from a local war memorial, or you might select a name from a Commonwealth War Graves (CWGC) headstone in one of our cemeteries, or within a parish churchyard local to you.

The first stage of your research starts with the **Commonwealth War Graves Commission**Casualty Database. At CWGC, we keep a record of the place of burial or commemoration of all
British and Commonwealth soldiers who died in the First and Second World Wars.

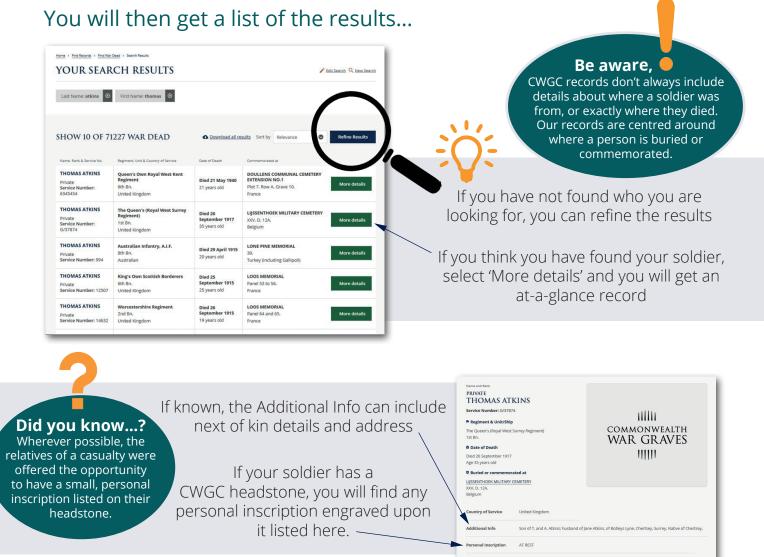
STEP 1: Visit our website at www.cwgc.org



If you already have some more details about your soldier such as their age, service number, date of death, or any medals they received, you can add these into the **ADDITIONAL FIELDS** section.



If you know where your soldier died, for example, you can put this into the Additional Information box.





Lower down the page you will find a link to our **CWGC Archives** and any additional information which is held about this soldier. You can find several different types of official CWGC reports here. Find out more about these on page 3.

What are **Headstone Reports?**

These provide details of what is inscribed on an individual's headstone. The main purpose of these reports was to help manage the enormous programme of headstone production and engraving embarked by CWGC during the world wars.

What are Grave Registration Reports (GRRs)?

These forms detail the graves we are responsible for within a particular burial site. Each grave is listed by Plot, Row and Grave number. These reports often provide basic details of the individual such as their name, service number, rank, regiment, unit and date of their death, when known to us.

What are Concentration Reports?

These record details of individuals who were originally buried in smaller or isolated cemeteries, but who, at a later date, were exhumed and reburied in 'concentrated' war cemeteries. This enabled CWGC to fully commemorate and look after otherwise unmaintainable graves.

Further down on your search page you can find more details about the cemetery where your soldier is buried, or the memorial upon which they are commemorated.



Did you know...?

The CWGC maintains more than 200 memorials across the globe. These record nearly 700,000 names of those who have no known grave, were buried at sea or cremated



Step 2: Exploring additional resources to find out more about the individual



You need to check if there are any the Enquiry Files held by the CWGC Archives. These contain correspondence between the family of those killed and the Commission. Only a small number of these files still survive.

Enquiry Files cover a range of subjects, including:

- Attempts to locate a missing individual
- Requests for the remains of a casualty to be returned to the country they came from, known as the 'repatriation of remains'
- The addition of a personal inscription to a CWGC headstone
- Requests for a photograph of a grave
- Issues about the maintenance or upkeep of a grave
- The exhumation and reburial of a casualty
- The return of wooden crosses to families

Did you know...? The Imperial War Graves

Commission was founded in

1917. Before that, an army unit, Directorate of Graves Registration and Enquires (DGRE) began the work of recording details of those who had died

Step 3: In the line of duty: Where your soldier fought and with which unit...

Log on to www.longlongtrail.co.uk Here you can find details about the Divisions, Regiments and Units these soldiers served under, and even the battles they may have fought in. Make sure you have the research details of your soldier so far including their name, rank, regiment, and date of death, and where they are buried or commemorated.



- Select ARMY, then THE REGIMENTS AND CORPS
- Find the unit in the list (for many soldiers you will need to select 'The Infantry Regiments')
- Find the name of the regiment/unit, then scroll down until you find the information on the battalion/unit which you discovered earlier e.g. Thomas Atkins served with the 1st Battalion, The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment. This will also tell you the Division that unit was part of
- Scroll down to the bottom of the page and click on the relevant Division link
- Using the history of the Division page, you will now be able to discover the battles the soldier fought in



When they died? Using the list of battles on The Long, Long Trail, try and work out in which battle the soldier died. You will need to work out when the battles were fought and see if your soldier's date of death matches any of these. From the place of burial or commemorations and the location of the battle you may be able to work out where they died.

Step 4: Searching for additional information online



The IWMs Lives of the First World War website is a memorial to those who served in the First World War. Enter the name and service number of your soldier to get the best results. Many stories were added during the First World War Centenary. You might even find a photo! https://livesofthefirstworldwar.iwm.org.uk/

A Street Near You uses maps to locate where those who died in the First World War originally came from and where they are now commemorated. You can search by lots of different terms so see what you can discover. It also provides links to other archives.

https://astreetnearyou.org

